





7  
A brief

# TREATISE,

Containing

Some Grounds and Reasons  
against two Errors of the  
*Anabaptists*:

- I. *The one, concerning Baptisme of Infants.*
- II. *The other, concerning Anabaptisme of elder people.*

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By FRANCIS JOHNSON, *Pastor*  
of the exiled English Church at *Amsterdam*.

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1 COR. II. 19.

*There must even Heresies be among you, that they which are approved may be made apparent among you.*

---

*July 2* LONDON,

Printed by M. S. for B. Allen, and are to be sold  
at his Shop, at the Crown in *Pope-head Alley*, 1645.

# A brief TREATISE

Containing

Some Grounds and Reasons  
against the



the same  
The other, concerning  
of other people.

By FRANCIS JOHN SON, Pastor  
of the exiled English Church at Amsterdam.

LONDON:  
Printed by J. Sturges, at the Black-Swan in St. Dunstons Church, near the Temple, 1714.

LONDON:  
Printed by M. S. for B. Alden, and are to be sold  
at the Shop, where I own in Poultry, 1714.



## To the READER.

**A**Mong the many trialls and troubles  
of the Church of Christ, it is one  
of the greatest, when schismes and  
heresies arise among themselves.  
All other opposition and persecution of any  
adversaries without, is little or nothing in-  
to it: neither bringing such hinderance to  
the truth, nor being so heauie to the Church.  
But thus will the Lord exercise his people,  
and accomplishe his own work. And this  
haueth the Apostles foretold, that it should be  
the case and estate of the Church here on  
earth, Acts 20. 28, 29, 30. 1 Cor. 11. 18;  
19. 2 Pet. 2. 1. 1 John 2. 18, 19.

Of which common late and wonted condi-  
tion of the CHURCH, we for our parts  
haue had our portion and experience, many  
times and sundry waies. And now of late  
(as sometimes also heretofore) by that which  
hath fallen out among us, in such as haue for-  
saken the truth of Christ, and are seduced  
with the error of the Anabaptists. A case  
wofull and lamentable, in many respects: yet  
such

## The Preface

*such as the Lord (I trust) who worketh all things for the best in them that love him, will turn to great good, both for the truth itself, in the further clearing of it; and for the Churches of Christ, in the more freeing of us from the inspiration of Anabaptistry, which hath most unjustly been laid upon us. And for a beginning, behold the late Anabaptists themselves have now published some writings; which already clear us, and the truth witnessed by us, and are like to cause further manifestation of these and other things by divers of us.*

*Wherefore (leaving the answer of the books which they have set forth, to such as are specially interested and imployed therein) I have thought good now to publish this Treatise following: wherein are contained some Grounds and Reasons written heretofore, against their errors about Baptisme. Whereunto, if he that challengeth all, shall make answer directly to the reasons and confirmations here set down, I shall have occasion (as others already have) to write further, and more particularly hereof, and by the assistance of God, to maintain this faith once given to the Saints, against any opposition or defension he can bring thereabout.*

*In*

## TO THE READER.

In the mean time, let one point concerning them be well observed, which themselves in their writings make manifest enough, to the judicious and indifferent Reader; namely, that the grounds and assertions of their opinions are such, as pervert the Gospel of Jesus Christ; bereave the Church of the grace and favours of God to young and old; take away the comfort of Christi in families, deprive kingdoms and commonwealths of having Christian kings, Judges and Magistrates (whatsoever they pretend to the contrary:) and do indeed very greatly impeach the good of all estates, domesticall, civill, and Ecclesiasticall. The more strange is it, that yet notwithstanding they would write, and bury themselves in such sort as they do, not fearing to fill their mouths and pens with falsehood and blasphemy; with perverting the Scriptures, and abusing the people of God, with reproaching and challenging of all such as stand against their errors and heresies: as if he that set forth such writings, and proclaimed such challenges, would shew himself to be another Goliath, defying Israel, and provoking all to battell and combat.

Which things I wish they may lay to heart, and feare before the Lord, \* who will

\* Sam. 17.  
10.

\* Psal. 75.  
10.

## The Preface

cut off all the horns of the wicked, and  
 make the horn of the righteous to be exal-  
 ted. Examples whereof we have many, not  
 only in Goliath, and others throughout the  
 Scriptures, but in heathen Stories and Re-  
 cords also. As may be seen for a memorable  
 particular in that very Tyrant, with whose  
 will his adversary pattern his own. Con-  
 cerning whom it is recorded, that he raign-  
 ed but a few yeeres, and then was killed; and  
 they which were present at his death, calling  
 to minde how hee had wished, that all the  
 people had but one neck, seemed him,  
 that himself had but one neck, and they  
 had many hands. For God resisteth the  
 proud, and giveth grace to the humble, Prov.  
 30. 34. Jam. 4. 5, 6. 1 Pet. 5. 5.  
 Good therefore it were for these men, to  
 consider their wajes in their hearts, to be  
 lowe in their own eyes, to humble themselves  
 under the mighty hand of God, to turn their  
 feet into the Lords testimonies, which they  
 have forsaken, and not to be carried about  
 with every wind of doctrine by the deceit of  
 men, but to be more constant in the truth of  
 Christ then hitherto they have been. The  
 consideration whereof I leave unto themselves,  
 and them unto the Lord, who knoweth and  
 will

¶ Dion  
 Cassius,  
 lib. 59. in  
 Historia  
 Cui Ca-  
 ligula.

Psal. 119.  
 59.

Eph. 4. 14.



## TO the READER.

will accomplish his work in all, to his own glory and praise in the end.

Now for the Treatise ensuing, which is but short and printed for thy use, Christian Reader, let mee exhort thee to ponder the Reasons alledged with thy self, and to examine them by the Scriptures: and the Lord <sup>2 Tim. 2. 7.</sup> give thee understanding in all things. Christ alone is to all his, the Way, the Truth, and <sup>Joh. 14. 6.</sup> the Life. The Lord stablish thee in the faith of his Gospell, that being rooted and built in him, with assurance that this is the true grace of God wherein wee stand, thou mayest grow up in grace, and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus <sup>Gen. 12. 3.</sup> Christ, in whom the Nations and Families <sup>& 18. 18. & 22. 28. & 26. 4. & 28.</sup> of the earth are blessed, and unto whom be <sup>14.</sup> glory, both now, and to the day of Eternity, Amen.

To the Reader.

and of the ... ..  
... ..

Kunst sehr zu empfehlen. (Lied: "Hilf mir")

It is the duty of the State to protect the rights of its citizens.

1871-72. The year with the best harvest.

London, for more about this important site.

*[Faint, illegible handwritten text]*

1. The first part of the document is a letter from the President of the United States to the Congress, dated January 1, 1861. It is a copy of the original letter, and is signed by Abraham Lincoln.

Am 1. April 1911

THE LIFE OF

THE END.

...and the ...

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

the first time it was ever seen.

1911

1891

*[Faint, illegible text]*

1941-1942

15-11-1951



1950

1940

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2002 - 4 A

1944



100

35

100



II

Some Grounds and Reasons: shewing

Some Grounds and Reasons: shewing

That Baptisme is to be administered to Infants, being the children of the faithfull.



Because it is the Commandment of God, to give the sign and seal of his Covenant of grace to his people and their seed, in their infancy, throughout their generations. Which Ordinance of the Lords hath never been repealed, but abideth stablished upon a certain and perpetuall ground, which is, his Promise and Covenant of grace made with the faithfull and their seed for ever, Gen. 17. 7. 12. 13, 14. Exod. 12. 48, 49. with Acts 2. 38, 39. & 3. 25. & 16. 31. Luke 1. 54. 55. 72. &c. Rom. 4. 11. 16, 17. & 15. 8, 9, 10. Gal. 3. 7. 29. Esa. 54. 10. Luke 20. 37, 38. Heb. 11. 13. — 16. & 13. 8. 20. Rev. 14. 6.

II. Be

## I I.

Because Christ hath confirmed the same, when hee sent forth his Apostles, and appointed them to make all the Nations Disciples, and to baptize them into the name of the Father, the Son, and the holy Ghost. For to make Gentiles Disciples, is by the Gospel, to bring them unto the Covenant of God, made with Abraham the Father of many nations, for salvation, through the name of Jesus Christ. Which being a covenant everlasting, and including the faithfull and their seed, Baptisme (which did now succeed and seal it, in stead of Circumcision) was therefore by this appointment of Christ, to be administered unto all that should be brought and comprehended under that Covenant of grace: and consequently, both to such as were of yeeres, coming to the faith of Christ, and to their children, being yet Infants. And otherwise, the Gentiles should not with the Jewes be made co-inheritors, and of the same body, and joynt-partakers of the Promise of God in Christ, by the Gospel: as the Scripture teacheth, *Mat.* 28. 18, 19. and *Mark* 16. 15, 16. with *Gal.* 3. 8. T<sup>r</sup> 29. Gen.



# against the Anabaptists.

3

Gen. 12. 3. & 17. 4. 5. 7. Rom. 4. 9.  
 17. 8. 11. 13. 16. & 15. 8. 16.  
 2. Cor. 1. 20. Eph. 4. 3. 6. 7. 8. 49. 6.  
 13. 46. 47. Heb. 10. 36. 1. Cor. 1. 9.  
 12. 13. 12. 13. Eph. 2. 1. 10. 22. & 3. 6.

## II.

Because it was the Apostles practice,  
 at the publishing of the Gospel through  
 the world, to baptize both the house-  
 holders themselves that believed, and  
 their households also: Like as Abraham  
 himself first believed, and then was cir-  
 cumcised; and all his family with him;  
 and as the stranger of the Gentiles, which  
 received the faith of the Jews, was cir-  
 cumcised likewise with all the males that  
 were his, Acts 16. 15. 23. 1. Cor. 1. 16,  
 with Gen. 15. 6. 8. 17. 26. 27. & 21. 4.  
 Levitic. 12. 48. 49. And for the Scriptures  
 speech of *an house, family, or household,*  
 implying children also therein: see Gen.  
 30. 30. & 45. 18. 19. with 46. 5. 6. 7. Num.  
 3. 17. 20. Psal. 125. 12. 13. 14. & Tim. 5. 8.

## III.

Because the children of Believers are  
 holy, and are Abrahams seed, and heirs  
 by

by promise of the kingdom of heaven,  
and eternall blessednesse. And who can  
then withhold the baptisme of water  
from them, to whom God vouchsafeth  
the baptisme of his Spirit, and the bless-  
ing of *Abraham* to an inheritance ever-  
lasting in his heavenly Kingdome? *1 Cor.*  
*7. 14. Rom. 1. 16. AB. 3. 25. Gal. 3. 29. Esa.*  
*40. 3. 4. Isa. 22. 10. 30. & 7. 10. & 11. 12,*  
*13. 14. 15. Luke 1. 41. 44. AB. 10. 47. Rom.*  
*8. 9. 20. Luke 19. 9. Mark 10. 13. 14. 16.*  
- Because Baptisme is the Lords signe  
of his washing away of our sins, recei-  
ving of us into the Church, and incor-  
porating of us into Christ, for salvation  
by his death and resurrection. Where-  
of the children of Believers are parta-  
kers, as well as they which be of yeres;  
and therefore can no more be deprived  
of baptisme, then of remission of sins,  
entrance into the Church, ingrafting  
into Christ, and salvation by his means.  
Neither is there any thing required in  
the ministracion of baptisme (nor was  
heretofore in circumcision) whereof  
young Infants are not capable, as well  
as elder people: whereas in the mi-  
nistracion

against the Anabaptists.

ministration of the Lords Supper, all may  
see it to be otherwise. For in bap- \* I speak of  
tisme, the Minister is \* the agent, alones the out-  
and the person baptized (whether old ward a-  
or young) is only a patient, and not an gent.  
agent: but in the Lords Supper, besides  
the actions laid upon the Minister, there  
are also divers actions required of the  
receivers; as namely, to take, to eat, to  
drink, to do it in remembrance of 1 Cor. 11.  
Christ, to shew forth the Lords death, 24, 25.  
to examine themselves, and so to eat of vers. 16.  
that bread, and drink of that cup. vers. 28.  
All which actions are required of the re-  
ceivers of the Lords Supper, whereby  
they also are made agents therein, and  
not the Ministers only. But in bap-  
tisme it is not so: For in it, the action  
is wholly enjoyned and laid upon the  
baptizer, and not upon the baptized. So  
as even by the institution and admini-  
stration of baptisme, compared with  
the institution and administration of  
the Lords Supper, the truth of this  
point yet further is cleared and confir-  
med unto us, Rom. 6. 3, 4. & 5. 14, 15.  
Zach. 13. 1. 1 Cor. 1. 13. -- 16. & 12. 13.  
4. 12. with 16. 30 31, 32, 23, 34.  
and

## A Brief Treatise

Jude 25, 26, 27, 28. Eph. 4.  
 19, & 5. 26, 27, 29. 30. Tit. 3. 4, 5, 6, 7.  
 Rev. 14, 5. Mat. 28, 18, 19. with Acts 6.  
 26, 27, 28. & 1 Cor. 11. 23. — 28. 1 Tim.

### VI.

Eph. 4, 4, 5. Because there is one Baptisme, as there  
 is one body, and one Mediator and con-  
 firmer of one Covenant of grace, to the  
 faithfull and their seed, in all ages. So  
 as therefore one and the same Baptisme  
 pertaineth to the children of the faith-  
 full together with the parents them-  
 selves: as they are also of one and the  
 same body with them, having one and  
 the same Mediator and ratifier of Gods  
 Covenant of grace unto them, even Jesus  
 Christ, the head and Saviour of his  
 Church, which is his body, the fulnesse  
 of him that filleth all in all things, Eph.  
 4. 4, 5, 6. 1 Cor. 12. 13. & 10. 1, 2. with  
 Exod. 12. 37. 1 Pet. 3. 20, 21. with Gen. 7. 1.  
 Gal. 3. 8. 27, 28, 29. 1 Tim. 2. 5. Joh. 10. 16.  
 Act. 2. 38, 39. Psal. 100. 3, 5. Eph. 1. 22, 23.  
 & 2. 19. — 22. & 5. 23, 25. 26. 27. 32.

### VII.

Because else the grace of God to his  
 people,



against the Anabaptists.

7

people now since Christ his coming in the flesh, lessened and straitned more then it was before; the comfort and confirmation of the faithfull for themselves and their children is not now so great and so fully ratified by Christ, as formerly it was; we are not now so compleat and thoroughly furnished in Christ, as they aforetime were; neither have the Scriptures given assurance of the recalling of the *Jewes*, nor the Apostles sufficiently answered such as urged circumcision upon the *Gentiles*, &c. Which things to affirm or admit, is highly to derogate from the grace of God, the fulnesse of Christ and his Gospel, the comfort of Christians, the sure hope of the ingrafting again of the *Jewes*, the faithfulness of the Apostles and sufficiency of their doctrine recorded in the Scriptures. And so is contrary to that which is written: *Col.* 2. 8. -- 12. *Rom.* 4. 11. -- 25. & 11. 11. -- 36. & 15. 4. *Gen.* 7. 1. with 1 *Pet.* 3. 18. -- 22. 1 *Cor.* 1. 14. & 10. 1. -- 4. *Luke* 19. 9. *Esa.* 49. 6. *Act.* 15. 1. -- 31. & 16. 15. 33. & 26. 6, 7. 22. 23. *Gal.* 1. 6. -- 9. & 3. 8. -- 29. *Eph.* 2. 18, 19. *Heb.* 13. 8. *Rev.* 13. 8. & 14. 6. & 21. 3. 9. 11, 12, 12, &c.

The

The second Part.

2. That Baptisme received in the apostaticall Churches of Christ-ians, as of Rome, and the like, is not to be renounced, and a new to be repeated again.

**B**

Ecause there is neither Precept nor example, nor other ground in all the Scriptures, either in the old or new Testament, for such renouncing, repeating, new requiring or admitting thereof. And therefore such perswasions and new baptisms are not from heaven, but of men. Contrary to the baptisme of John and the Apostles, which was from the Lord, Mat. 21. 25. & 28. 18, 19, 20. Joh. 1. 25, 33. with Act. 15. 24. Gal. 5. 7, 8.

II.

Ephes. 4. 5. Because there is one Baptisme, as there was one Circumcision. And circumcision being once received in the apostatic

apostasy of Israel, was not repeated again  
 at their returning to the Lord, and leav-  
 ing of their Idolatrous wayes to serve  
 him according to his Worth: but they  
 that were so circumcised, were (without  
 any new circumcision of the flesh) accep-  
 ted at Jerusalem, and admitted to the  
 Passover, of which none might eat that  
 was uncircumcised. In like manner also,  
 Baptisme being once received in the apo-  
 stolicall Churches of Christians, is not  
 to be repeated again, when any so bapti-  
 zed returne unto the Lord, and forsake  
 their Idolatries, submitting themselves  
 to the truth of the Gospel: but they are  
 (without any new baptizing w<sup>th</sup> water)  
 to be received of the churches of Christ,  
 and admitted to the Lords Supper,  
 whereof none may eat, being unbaptized.  
 For these examples of Israel, as all other  
 things in the Scriptures written afore-  
 time, are afore-written for our instructi-  
 on and comfort: Ephes. 4. 5. with Gal.  
 3. 10, 11, 12, 13. Ezek. 12. 48, 49.  
 2 Chron. 30. chap. with Rev. 15. 4. Item  
 Acts 10. 48. and 19. 5. and 22. 16.

III.

Because the Covenant of Gods grace

B

in





name ought still to retain it for continu-  
all use and comfort, and not again to re-  
peat it any more, then there is repetition  
of Christs death and sacrifice once offer-  
ed to take away sin, *Rom.* 6. 8, 9, 10, 11.  
with *vers.* 3, 4, 5. and *Acts* 13. 34. *Heb.*  
7. 27. & 9. 25. -- 29. & 10. 10. -- 14.  
1. *Pet.* 3. 18. *Rev.* 1. 18. with *Mat.* 28. 19.  
20. *Act.* 2. 38, 39. 41. 42. & 10. 48.  
1 *Cor.* 1. 13. & 6. 11. & 12. 13. *Gal.* 3. 27.  
28, 29. 1 *Pet.* 3. 21, 22. *Rev.* 1. 5, 6.

V.

Because the Church of Rome was  
espoused to Christ in the Covenant of  
grace by the Gospel of salvation, having  
Baptisme with the rest of Christs Ordi-  
nances, in the Apostles dayes ; and hath  
ever since retained it with other grounds  
of Christian Religion, notwithstanding  
all her adulteries and apostasie, wherein-  
to shee is fallen. As may be seen both in  
that Church it self, and all other Chur-  
ches which are the daughters thereof in  
their constitution. And hereunto, in all  
cases and questions of this nature, due  
respect is alway to be had ; as may ap-  
peare by these Scriptures : *Rom.* 1. 7. & 6.  
3. 4. with *Rev.* 17. chap. *Ezek.* 16. 44.  
*Hos.*

Hof. 2. chap. 2 Chon. 30. 6, 7, 8, 9. with  
 15. 3, 4 Lev. 26. 14. — 45. Deut. 4. 25.  
 — 31. & 29. 10. — 15. & 30. chap. with  
 Rom. 11. 15, 16. Heb. 7. 9, 10.

## VI.

Hof. 2. 2.

Because God hath his people in the  
 Romish Babylon; and when hee calleth  
 them out from thence, doth not enioyn  
 them to leave whatsoever is there had,  
 but requireth of them that they have no  
 communion with her sins; but (as the  
 Prophet teacheth) plead with their mo-  
 ther, that she take away her fornications  
 out of her sight, and her adulteries from  
 between her breasts. Now Baptisme is  
 not of her adulteries, but of Christs Or-  
 dinances; it is not a threshold or post  
 which she hath brought into the Temple  
 of God, but was set therein of old, by  
 the Lord himself. Neither may we plead  
 with her, to take it away, but that shee  
 put away the fornications and corrupti-  
 ons that are of her own addition. Which  
 are the very things that cause the abo-  
 mination of her estate, and which we are  
 bound to leave and put away, and not  
 all whatsoever is had in such a postati-  
 call

call Churches: Rev. 18. 4. Hos. 2. 2.  
and 2. 15. Amos 5. 4, 5. 6. 14, 15. Ezek.  
43. 7, 8, 9. 2 Thes. 2. 3. 4. 8. Rev. 11.  
& 14. chap. 8.

VII.

Because else by such like reasons as the  
baptisme is renounced which is there re-  
ceived, men might also urge (as some  
have done) not to retain, use or regard  
as wee should, the Articles of faith, the  
learning of the Scripture, or the transla-  
tions thereof, had and acknowledged in  
those Churches. And likewise might  
perswade to the dissolution of such mar-  
riages as have been had by their Mini-  
stry; with other as strange consequences,  
that by like manner of reasoning would  
be inferred thereupon. Which to admit  
of, were contrary to Deut. 5. 32, 33. and  
31. 9. — 13. Prov. 4. 25, 26, 27. & 23.  
23. 2 Chron. 29. & 30. chap. Esa. 8. 19.  
20. & 34. 16. Luke 16. 29. John 5. 39.  
Acts 13. 15. & 15. 21. & 17. 2, 3, 11.  
Rom. 15. 4. & 16. 17. 1 Cor. 4. 6. 1 Thes.  
5. 21. 2 Tim. 3. 14, 15, 16, 17. Heb. 13.  
4. 9. Rev. 1. 3. 2 Pet. 3. 17, 18.

## The Conclusion.

To conclude, let the Reader concerning the *Unbaptists*, in the two points aforesaid, observe also these things:

First, how in the one they adde to the Word of God, and in the other take from it. They adde, in their repeating, or new receiving of Baptisme, which God hath not appointed to be done; and they take away, in their denying of baptisme to children, to whom God hath ordained the seal of his Covenant to be given, as before hath been shewed. Both which, the Lord hath often and straitly forbidden, *Deut. 4. 2. & 12. 32. Josh. 1. 7. Prov. 30. 6. Gal. 1. 6. - 9. Rev. 22. 18, 19.*

Secondly, how by their opinions and practice they bring themselves to be in the estate of persons unbaptized; in as much as the former baptisme which they had received, is by them renounced altogether; and their latter washing of themselves is not baptisme approved of God in his Word, but a vain observation of their own, taken up by the will and invention of man. *Mar. 7. 4. 7. with Exod. 20. 4. - 7.*

Thirdly,



Thirdly; how by excluding the children of Believers out of the Covenant of God, and separating those whom God hath joyned together therein; they shew their own want of faith in Gods promise; and put themselves from under Gods covenant, which joyneth the children with the parents in the same covenant of grace; and is made anticonfirmed in Christ, to all his people, both *Jews* and *Gentiles*: *Gen.* 17. 7. *Act.* 2. 39. & 3. 25. & 16. 31. *Gal.* 3. chap. *Ephes.* 2. chap. 8. & 6. with *Mathe.* 10. 9.

Mat. 19. 6.

Thus are they injurious to God and his Word; to *Ch.* 2. 1. 3. 7. and his Church; to all nations and families of the earth, whether *Jews* or *Gentiles*; and in speciall to themselves and their children, whom they make together with themselves to be as *Heathen* in the world, aliens from the Common-wealth of *Israel*, and strangers from the covenants of promise; not only putting from them the grace of God, and blessing of *Abraham* which is come upon the *Gentiles*; but also making them subject to the wrath of God, and curse of the Law, which seileth and abideth upon all that

Eph. 2. 12.

alienating the promise and covenant  
of God, which Christ hath confirmed  
by his death, for salvation to all that be-  
lieve, whether old or young. The Lord  
redeemeth them, if it be his will, and keep  
all his people, that they be not by any  
means removed from the truth of the  
Gospel, but may stand confirmed and  
comforted therein by the grace of  
Christ unto the end. *Am.*

[illegible]

**FINIS.**



A  
VOICE IN RHAMA:  
OR,  
The Crie of Women  
and Children.

Ecchoed forth in the Compassions of  
PETER CHAMBERLEN,  
Doctour in Physick, Fellow of the  
Colledge of London, and one  
of his Majesties Physicians  
Extraordinary.

LONDON,

Printed by WILLIAM BENTLEY:  
for John Marthall, and are to be sold at his  
shop at the Hand and Pen in Corn-hill,  
over against the Royall Exchange.

*marth*  
17 Anno Domini 1647. 1646

1 **END**